

Publication according to Art. 30 Regulation (EU) 2017/460 (NC Tariffs)

as of 01/12/2018

TAR NC	Description	Information / Link
	Information to be published before the tariff period	
Art. 30 (1)(a)	Information on parameters used in the applied reference price methodology related to the technical characteristics of the transmission system.	All used input parameters (i.e. forecasted contracted capacity) are included in the simplified model
Art. 30 (1)(b)(i)	Information on the allowed and/or target revenue.	The allowed revenues of Nowega are: 42,311,210 €
Art. 30 (1)(b)(ii)	Information related to changes in the revenue.	The change in allowed revenue compared to the last tariff period amounts to 1,225,513 €. The change in allowed revenues especially result from adjustments because of changes of the inflation index.
Art. 30 (1)(b)(iii)	Information related the following Parameters: types of assets, cost of capital, capital and operational expenditures, incentive mechanisms and efficiency targets, inflation indices.	Regulated asset base of cost base year 2015: 188,084,982 €. Types of regulated assets (see Annex 1 of GasNEV): I. General installations: 11,557,632 € II. Gas container: 0 €

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		<p>III. Compressor stations: 5,783,363 €</p> <p>IV. Pipelines/ House connection pipelines: 143,843,412 €</p> <p>V. Measuring, control and metering installations: 24,505,134 €</p> <p>VI. Remote control installations: 2,395,441 €</p> <hr/> <p>Cost of capital of cost base year 2015: 17,012,152 €</p> <p>The methodology to calculate the cost of capital are determined in sections 6-8 GasNEV.</p> <hr/> <p>The capital expenditures are determined on the basis of the historical procurement and manufacturing costs of the asset. There is no re-evaluation of assets foreseen in the German incentive regulation. The assets are depreciated on a linear basis in accordance with section 6(5) GasNEV. The depreciation period are set in Annex 1 GasNEV.</p> <p>Depreciation periods and amounts per asset type:</p> <p>I. General installations 3-70 years (no depreciation for property), amount in cost base year 2015: 1,137,304 €</p> <p>II. Gas container 45-55 years, amount in cost base year 2015: 0 €</p> <p>III. Compressor stations 20-25 years, amount in cost base year 2015: 313,438 €</p> <p>IV. Pipelines/ House connection pipelines 30-65 years, amount in cost base year 2015: 6,326,748 €</p> <p>V. Measuring, control and metering installations 8-60 years, amount in cost base year 2015: 913,221 €</p> <p>VI. Remote control installations 15-20 years, amount in cost base year 2015: 419,465 €</p> <hr/> <p>OPEX of cost base year 2015: 18,078,942 €</p> <hr/> <p>German transmission system operators (TSO) are subject to the incentive regulation system. The revenue cap of a TSO that is determined for a</p>

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		<p>regulatory period with a duration of 5 years is based on the costs incurred at the TSO in the base year (year 3 before the new regulatory period) and that were checked by the regulatory authority. Moreover, an efficiency benchmark is conducted between the TSO and, based on their cost and structure parameters, individual company efficiency values are calculated. Possible inefficiencies are to be rectified over the duration of a regulatory period. Furthermore, the regulatory authority calculates a general sector productivity factor that is consistently applied to all transmission system operators.</p> <p>The general sector productivity factor for the third regulatory period is not determined yet.</p> <p>The individuell efficiency score of Nowega is 100 %.</p> <p>The inflation index used to determine the allowed revenues 2019 is: VPI 2017: 109.30</p>
Art. 30 (1)(b)(iv,v)	Information on the transmission services revenue including capacity-commodity split, entry-exit split and intra-system/cross-system split.	<p>Transmission services revenues 2019: 42,311,210 €</p> <p>Capacity-commodity split: 100% capacity-based transmission tariffs</p> <p>Entry-exit-split: 26.03 % Entry 73.97 % Exit</p> <p>Cross-border-domestic split will be determined in conjunction with Art. 26 NC TAR consultation determined and published. In this context, Bundesnetzagentur (BNetzA) carried out the cost allocation test for the first time. Results and valuations are published on the website of BNetzA as part of the consultation of decision REGENT for market areas Net Connect Germany (BK9-18/610-NCG) and Gaspool (BK9-18/611-GP).</p>
Art. 30 (1)(b)(vi)	Information related to the previous tariff period regarding the reconciliation of the regulatory account.	<p>Actual regulated revenues from transmission and non-transmission services 2017: 46.387.764 €</p> <p>Transmission services: 41,042,270 €</p> <p>Non-transmission services: 5,345,494 €</p>

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		<p>Aggregated balance of the regulatory account of the closed financial year 2017: 2,167,106 €</p> <p>Reconciliation of the regulatory account for the concluded business year 2017 is determined in the year 2018 and it will be reconciled in equal instalments – including interest payments – over the subsequent 3 calendar years.</p> <p>Incentive mechanisms specifically for the regulatory account do not exist in the German regulatory system.</p>
Art. 30 (1)(b)(vii)	Information on the intended use of the auction premium.	According to Article 13(4) Gas Network Access Ordinance (GasNZV) auction revenues are booked on the regulatory account in accordance with Article 5 ARegV. This transaction thus develops a tariff-reducing effect in the years in which the regulatory account is reconciled.
Art. 30 (1)(c)	Information on transmission and non-transmission tariffs accompanied by the relevant information related to their derivation.	<p>Nowega price sheet</p> <p>Nowega calculates its transmission tariffs according to the requirements set in GasNEV.</p> <p>The allowed revenue is split up between entry and exit revenues according to the capacity weighted entry-exit-split (see simplified model). The entry and exit revenues are divided by the corresponding forecasted contracted capacities.</p> <p>Hence the entry tariff for firm capacity (without consideration of multipliers or other factors) for 2019 is 3.9993 €/kWh/h/a, the exit tariff for 2019 is 3.9993 €/kWh/h/a.</p> <p>According to requirements determined in Regulation (EU) 2017/459 (NC CAM), Nowega together with Gasunie Transport Services GmbH establish a virtual interconnection point (VIP), connecting market area GASPOOL and market area NCG. The VIP entry tariff for firm capacity (without consideration of multipliers or other factors) for 2019 is 4.2703 €/kWh/h/a, the exit tariff for 2019 is 4.2703 €/kWh/h/a.</p> <p><u>Derivation of Biogas charge</u></p> <p>In accordance with number 6 BNetzA decision BK9-17/609 (“INKA”) the Biogas charge according to section 20b GasNEV is classified as non-</p>

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		<p>transmission service. The derivation of Biogas charge is described in section 7 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Operators of Gas Supply Networks in Germany as of 27 October 2017. According to this, all biogas-costs of 2019 in Germany in the amount of 202,994,689 € are divided by all forecasted contracted capacity for TSO exit points to DSO and end consumers (without consideration of multipliers or seasonal factors) of 2018 in the amount of 306,671,765 kWh/h/a. Hence, the biogas charge is 0.66193 €/kWh/h/a.</p> <p><u>Derivation of Market area conversion charge</u></p> <p>In accordance with number 6 BNetzA decision BK9-17/609 (“INKA”) the Market area conversion charge according to section 19a(1) Energy Industry Act is classified as non-transmission service. The derivation of Market area conversion charge is described in section 10 of the Cooperation Agreement between the Operators of Gas Supply Networks in Germany as of 27 October 2017. According to this, all market conversion costs of 2019 in the amount of 132,257,041 € are divided by all forecasted contracted capacity for TSO exit points (including IP and storage exit points, but without consideration of multipliers or seasonal factors) of 2019 in the amount of 415,797,341 kWh/h/a. Hence, the market area conversion charge is 0.3181 €/kWh/h/a.</p>
Art. 30 (2)(a)	Information on transmission tariff changes and trends.	<p>In 2019, the entry- and exit tariff will increase by 0.2033 €/kWh/h/a compared with tariffs for the year 2018.</p> <p>The reasons being the change of allowed revenues as well as adjustments of forecasted bookings of capacities.</p> <p>It is currently impossible to make a valid estimation about what reference price method will be applicable for tariff calculation in the years 2020 ff. Correspondingly, no prognostic statements can be made regarding tariff development in the years 2021-2022.</p> <p>In this matter we therefore refer to the final consultation according to Article 26 of the Tariff Network Code by the Federal Network Agency. You will find further information concerning this consultation on the website of Bundesnetzagentur.</p>

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Art. 30 (2)(b)	Information about the used tariff model and an explanation how to calculate the transmission tariffs applicable for the prevailing tariff period.	See Simplified model